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EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT

An examiner's amendment to the record appears below. Should the changes and/or
additions be unacceptable to applicant, an amendment may be filed as provided by 37 CFR
 1.312. To ensure consideration of such an amendment, it MUST be submitted no later than the
payment of the issue fee.

Authorization for this examiner's amendment was given in a telephone interview with William Androlia on April 13, 2009.

The application has been amended as follows:

Claim 10 has been amended as follows:

Claim 10 (currently amended): A production method of colored sanitary tissue paper, comprising the steps of: adding a cationic softening agent to a pulp raw material, then adding an anionic dye thereto, embossing said colored sanitary tissue paper with convex parts between embosses relatively formed by scattered embosses and obtaining [[a]] said colored sanitary tissue paper with a color difference between before and after dyeing being 15 or more in D value of Hunter's color difference formula defined in JIS Z 8730; $D=(\Delta L^2+\Delta a^2+\Delta b^2)^{1/2}$ and wherein a and b are chromaticness indexes and L is a lightness index and an embossing-pressure imparted area makes up 5 to 20% of the total area.

2. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: the cited references do not teach nor suggest the combination of properties as it is now claimed. Specifically, the prior art does not the dying and embossing of the tissue to obtain the claimed color difference.
Note that none of the references teach the embossing as claimed and even if the embossing were

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common in the art, it could not be said with certainty that the claimed color difference would be inherent, i.e., naturally follows from the combination of references. The fact that a certain result or characteristic may occur or be present in the prior art is not sufficient to establish the inherency of that result or characteristic. In re Riickaert, 9 F.3d 1531, 1534, 28 USPO2d 1955, 1957 (Fed. Cir. 1993) (reversed rejection because inherency was based on what would result due to optimization of conditions, not what was necessarily present in the prior art); In re Oelrich, 666 F.2d 578, 581-82, 212 USPQ 323, 326 (CCPA 1981). "To establish inherency, the extrinsic evidence must make clear that the missing descriptive matter is necessarily present in the thing described in the reference, and that it would be so recognized by persons of ordinary skill. Inherency, however, may not be established by probabilities or possibilities. The mere fact that a certain thing may result from a given set of circumstances is not sufficient." In re Robertson, 169 F.3d 743, 745, 49 USPQ2d 1949, 1950-51 (Fed. Cir. 1999) "[a]n invitation to investigate is not an inherent disclosure" where a prior art reference "discloses no more than a broad genus of potential applications of its discoveries." Metabolite Labs., Inc. v. Lab. Corp. of Am. Holdings, 370 F.3d 1354, 1367, 71 USPQ2d 1081, 1091 (Fed. Cir. 2004) (explaining that "[a] prior art reference that discloses a genus still does not inherently disclose all species within that broad category" but must be examined to see if a disclosure of the claimed species has been made or whether the prior art reference merely invites further experimentation to find the species. "In relying upon the theory of inherency, the examiner must provide a basis in fact and/or technical reasoning to reasonably support the determination that the allegedly inherent characteristic necessarily flows from the teachings of the applied prior art." Ex parte Levy, 17 USPO2d 1461, 1464 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1990).

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Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance"

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to José A. Fortuna whose telephone number is 571-272-1188. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven P. Griffin can be reached on 571-272-1189. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/José A Fortuna/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 1791